



## SALW Guide

# Global distribution and visual identification



## Bangladesh

Country report

https://salw-guide.bicc.de

## Weapons Distribution

The following list shows the weapons which can be found in *Bangladesh* and whether there is data on who holds these weapons:

AK-47 / AKM	G
AK-74	U
AR 15 (M16/M4)	G
Carl Gustav recoilless rifle	G
Colt M1911	U
DShk	G
Daewoo K1 / K2	G
Dragunov SVD	U
FIM-92 Stinger	G
FN FAL	G
FN High Power	U
GDATP MK 19	G
Glock 17	U
HK 21	G
HK 23	U
HK G3	G

HK MP5	G
Lee-Enfield SMLE	G
M203 grenade launcher	G
MG 3 / MG 42	U
Milkor MRGL	G
Mossberg 500	U
Norinco Type 81	G
Norinco Type 95/ 97	G
RPD	G
Remington 870P	G
Simonov SKS	G
Sten gun	G
Sterling L2A3	G
Steyr AUG	G
UZI	G

## Explanation of symbols

L

Country of origin

==

Licensed production

H

Production without a licence

G

Government: Sources indicate that this type of weapon is held by Governmental agencies.

N

*Non-Government*: Sources indicate that this type of weapon is held by non-Governmental armed groups.



*Unspecified*: Sources indicate that this type of weapon is found in the country, but do not specify whether it is held by Governmental agencies or non-Governmental armed groups.

It is entirely possible to have a combination of tags beside each country. For example, if country X is tagged with a G and a U, it means that at least one source of data identifies Governmental agencies as holders of weapon type Y, and at least one other source confirms the presence of the weapon in country X without specifying who holds it.

**Note:** This application is a living, non-comprehensive database, relying to a great extent on active contributions (provision and/or validation of data and information) by either SALW experts from the military and international renowned think tanks or by national and regional focal points of small arms control entities.

#### **AK-47 / AKM**

The AK 47 (Designed 1946-1948) is best described as a hybrid of previous rifle technology innovations: the trigger, double locking lugs and unlocking raceway of the M1 Garand/M1 carbine, the safety mechanism of the John Browning designed Remington Model



8 rifle, and the gas system and layout of the Sturmgewehr 44. There are many variants. The weapons are used by the former Warsaw Pact countries, and they are still in service with numerous armed forces, both regular and irregular. The model and its variants remain the most popular and widely used rifles in the world because of its reliability under harsh conditions, low production costs.

Category	Assault Rifles
Operating system	Gas operated, rotating bolt with 2 lugs
Cartridge	7.62 x 39mm
Length	870 mm
Feeding	Box magazine















Kalashnikov & variants 001/md-01-300w.png marking details (RUS)

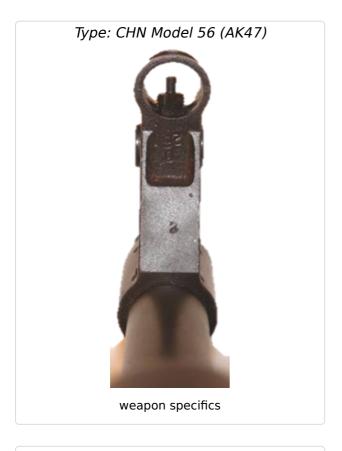
Kalashnikov & variants 001/md-02-300w.png marking details (RUS)

Kalashnikov & variants 001/md-03-300w.jpg marking details (EGY)

Kalashnikov & variants 001/md-04-300w.jpg

001/md-01-b-300w.png

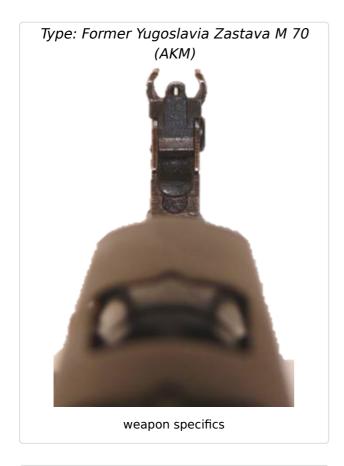
marking details (CHN)



Type: CHN Model 56 (AK47) 001/ws-02-300w.png weapon specifics

Type: Former Yugoslavia Zastava M 70
(AKM)
001/ws-03-300w.png
weapon specifics











The following ammunition can be used by the **AK-47 / AKM**:

## 7.62 x 39mm

Bullet diameter	7.92 mm
Case length	38.7 mm
Overall length	56 mm



## **AK-74**

The AK 74 (Designed 1974) is an adaptation of the 7.62mm AKM assault rifle and features several important design improvements. These modifications were primarily the result of converting the rifle to the intermediate-caliber 5.45x39mm cartridge, in fact, some



early models are reported to have been converted AKMs, with the barrel re-sleeved to 5.45x39mm. The result is a more accurate and reliable rifle than the AKM. The AK-74 and AKM share an approximate 50% parts commonality (interchangeable are most often pins, springs and screws). There are many variants. The weapons are used by the former Warsaw Pact countries, and they are still in service with numerous armed forces, both regular and irregular. The model and its variants remain the most popular and widely used rifles in the world because of its reliability under harsh conditions, low production costs.

Category	Assault Rifles
Operating system	Gas operated, rotating bolt with 2 lugs
Cartridge	5.45 x 39mm
Length	943 mm
Feeding	Box magazine











Kalashnikov & variants 026/md-01-300w.png marking details (DEU)

Kalashnikov & variants 026/md-02-300w.png marking details



The following ammunition can be used by the **AK-74**:

#### 5.45 x 39mm

Bullet diameter	5.6 mm
Case length	39.82 mm
Overall length	57 mm



## AR 15 (M16/M4)

The heart of the Colt AR-15 is the direct gas system. This system uses no conventional gas piston and rod to propel bolt group back after the shot is fired. Instead, the hot powder gases are fed from the barrel and down to the stainless steel tube into the receiver. Inside the receiver, the rear end of the gas tube enters into the "gas key", a small attachment on the top of the bolt carrier. The hot gases,



through the gas key, enter the hollow cavity inside the bolt carrier, and expands there, acting against the bolt carrier and the collar around the bolt body. The pressure of the gases causes the bolt carrier to move back against initially stationary bolt. The M16 clone CQ/ Terab has been observed in South Sudan used by some rebel groups. The CQ is a variant of the AR-15 rifle manufactured by the Chinese arms company, NORINCO. The "Terab" rifle is a clone of the Norinco CQ manufactured by the MIC (Military Industry Corporation) of Sudan. The "Armada" rifle is a clone of the Norinco CQ manufactured by S.A.M. - Shooter's Arms Manufacturing, a.k.a. Shooter's Arms Guns & Ammo Corporation, in the Philippines. The CQ/ Terab has been observed in South Sudan used by some rebel groups in 2013.

Category	Assault Rifles
Operating system	Gas operated, rotating bolt
Cartridge	5.56 x 45mm / .223 Remington
Length	986 mm
Feeding	Box magazine







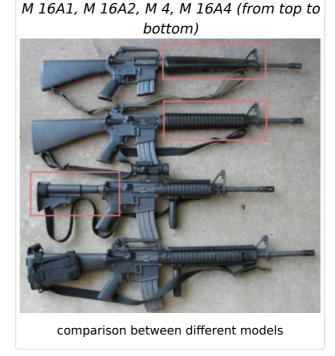




right view. The TERAB rifle is a clone of the Norinco CQ manufactured by the MIC (Military Industry Corporation) of Sudan. The ARMADA rifle is a clone of the Norinco CQ manufactured by S.A.M. – Shooter's Arms Manufacturing, a.k.a. Shooter's Arms Guns & Ammo Corporation, in the Philippines.







The following ammunition can be used by the AR 15 (M16/M4):

## 5.56 x 45mm / .223 Remington

Bullet diameter	5.7 mm
Case length	44.7 mm
Overall length	57.4 mm



## Carl Gustav recoilless rifle

The Carl Gustav can be fired from the standing, kneeling, sitting or prone positions. A bipod may be attached in front of the shoulder piece. An operating handle called a "Venturi lock" is used to move the hinged breech to one side for reloading. The weapon is normally operated by a two-man crew, one carrying and firing the weapon, the other carrying ammunition and reloading.



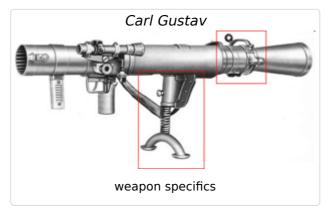
Category	Recoilless Guns/Rifles
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Operating system	Recoilless launch
Cartridge	
Length	1130 mm
Feeding	hinged breech









The following ammunition can be used by the **Carl Gustav recoilless rifle**:

#### **Colt M1911**

Technically, the M1911, also known as Colt Government, is a recoil operated, locked breech semi-auto pistol. It has single action trigger with frame mounted safety that locks the hammer and the slide. Hammer could be locked either in cocked or in lowered position, allowing the gun to be carried in "cocked and locked" state, with safety on, hammer cocked and round chambered. Additional automated safety incorporated



into rear of the grip and locks the action when gun not held in the hand properly. The M 1911 was manufactured by many companies in many countries, partly in the original form, partly modified, partly under license and partly without a license. It was exported to many countries after WW II, and it was in service with the US armed forces for more then 70 years.

Category	Self-Loading Pistols & Revolvers
Operating system	Short recoil operated, closed breech, single action, semi-automatic
Cartridge	.45 ACP
Length	219 mm
Feeding	Box magazine















The following ammunition can be used by the **Colt M1911**:

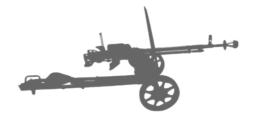
#### .45 ACP

Bullet diameter	11.5 mm
Case length	22.8 mm
Overall length	32 mm

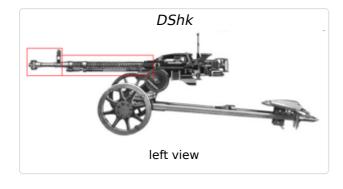


## **DShk**

The DShk was exported to many countries, and it can be found all over the world because the gun is used in many conflicts. The weapon was in service with several armed forces, both regular and irregular, and it can be found in many countries in Asia and Africa.



Category	Heavy Machine Guns
Operating system	Gas operated, belt fed, air cooled, selective fire
Cartridge	12.7 x 108 mm
Length	1625 mm
Feeding	Belt







The following ammunition can be used by the  ${\bf DShk}:$ 

#### 12.7 x 108 mm

Bullet diameter	12.98 mm
Case length	108 mm
Overall length	147.5 mm

NO IMAGE

#### Daewoo K1 / K2

The South Korean Daewoo K1A was developed as a short-barrelled version of the K2 assault rifle explaining their technical and physical resemblance. The K1A is the enhanced version of the previous mass produced K1 rifle. Furthermore, the rifles combine technical elements of the operating systems from the AR15/M16-rifles and the AK-series. Both the K1 and K2 are still in production and in



service within the South Korean Armed Forces. *length depends on the model: - Daewoo K1A:* 838 mm stock extended - Daewoo K2: 980 mm butt extended

Category	Assault Rifles
Operating system	gas piston, selective fire with 3rd burst
Cartridge	5.56 x 45mm / .223 Remington
Length	838 mm
Feeding	detachable, box magazine

The following ammunition can be used by the **Daewoo K1 / K2**:

#### 5.56 x 45mm / .223 Remington

Bullet diameter	5.7 mm
Case length	44.7 mm
Overall length	57.4 mm



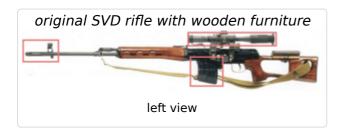
## **Dragunov SVD**

The Dragunov SVD uses a short-stroke gas piston and the gas chamber has a two-position manual gas regulator. Barrels locked by rotating bolt with three lugs. The safety is



somewhat reminiscent in its appearance to that of Kalashnikov AK-Assault rifles, although the internal design of the trigger unit is different, and there is no provisions for full automatic fire. The trigger unit is assembled on a separate removable base that also incorporates a trigger guard. It is used by all former Warsaw Pact countries, and it is in service with numerous armed forces, both regular and irregular. The Yugoslavian model "Zastava Model 76" has a solid, non-skeletonized stock, and is chambered in 7.92x57mm.

Category	Rifles & Carbines
Operating system	Gas operated, short stroke, rotating bolt, semi-automatic
Cartridge	7.62 x 54mm R
Length	1225 mm
Feeding	Box magazine



















The following ammunition can be used by the **Dragunov SVD**:

#### 7.62 x 54mm R

Bullet diameter	7.92 mm
Case length	53.72 mm
Overall length	77.16 mm



## FIM-92 Stinger

Its combat debut occurred during the Falklands War. The Stinger was also used by the Afghan Mujahedeen, the Hamas and the UNITA. The Central Intelligence Agency supplied nearly 500 Stingers (some sources claim 1,500–2,000) to the Mujahedeen in Afghanistan. After the 1989 Soviet withdrawal from Afghanistan, the United States attempted to buy back the Stinger missiles, with a



55 million dollar program to buy back around 300 missiles. The U.S. government collected most of the Stingers it had delivered, but some of them found their way into Iran, Qatar and North Korea.

Category	Portable Launcher of Anti-aircraft Missile Systems	
Operating system	MANPAD	
Cartridge		











The following ammunition can be used by the **FIM-92 Stinger**:

#### **FN FAL**

The FN FAL (Fusil Automatique Léger - Light Automatic Rifle) is one of the most famous and widespread military rifle. Because of its prevalence and widespread usage among the



militaries of many NATO and first world countries during the Cold War, it received the title "The right arm of the Free World". It can be found in both, the 7.62x51mm and, very rarely, the 5.56x45mm NATO versions. The furniture may be wood, metal or plastic. There are various barrel lengths. In the UK (L1A1), Canadian, Indian and Netherland versions, there is no automatic fire mode. The gas system is fitted with gas regulator so it could be easily adjusted for various environment conditions, or cut off completely so rifle grenades could be safely launched from the barrel.

Category	Assault Rifles
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Operating system	Gas operated, tilting breechblock, select-fire or semi-automatic only
Cartridge	7.62 x 51mm / .308 Winchester
Length	1100 mm
Feeding	Box magazine





















The following ammunition can be used by the **FN FAL**:

## 7.62 x 51mm / .308 Winchester

Bullet diameter	7.82 mm
Case length	51.18 mm
Overall length	69.85 mm



## **FN High Power**

The High Power is one of the most widely used military pistols of all time, having been used by the armed forces of over 50 countries. The pistol is often referred to as an HP (for "Hi Power" or "High Power") or as a GP (for the French term, "Grande Puissance"). Technically, the High Power pistol, also known as Browning HP 35, GP 35 or Model 1935, is a recoil operated, locked breech pistol. It uses linkless barrel to slide locking invented by Browning. The



trigger is single action, with external hammer. Original HPs featured frame mounted safety at the left side of the frame, that locks both sear and slide. Modern versions, since Mark II, also featured ambidextrous safety levers, that are also more comfortable to operate.

Category	Self-Loading Pistols & Revolvers
Operating system	Short recoil operated, locked breech, single action
Cartridge	.40 S&W 9mm Parabellum (9 x 19mm)
Length	200 mm
Feeding	Box magazine











The following ammunition can be used by the **FN High Power**:

## .40 S&W

Bullet diameter	10.2 mm
Case length	21.6 mm
Overall length	28.8 mm



## 9mm Parabellum (9 x 19mm)

Bullet diameter	9 mm	
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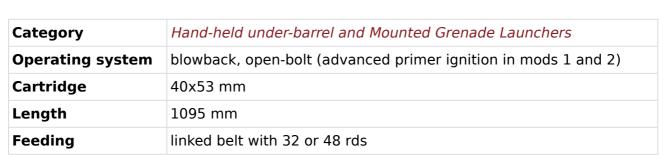
Case length	19.15 mm
Overall length	29.69 mm



#### **GDATP MK 19**

The MK 19 or Mark 19 grenade machine gun was designed in the 1960s for the US Navy in the Vietnam War. In the following decades, the MK 19 was further improved, sold to and adopted by at least 28 other nations including Australia, Chile and South Korea. It was originally designed to be mounted on (naval) vehicles, but current systems can also be ground- or turret-mounted. The MK 19 can be fired manually or even remotely.

Original manufacturer General Dynamics Armament and Technical Products (GDATP).



The following ammunition can be used by the **GDATP MK 19**:

#### 40x53 mm

Bullet diameter	40 mm
Case length	53 mm
Overall length	-

NO IMAGE

#### Glock 17

Several modified versions of the Glock 17 have also been introduced. The Glock 17C incorporated slots cut in the barrel and slide to compensate for muzzle rise and recoil. The Glock 17L incorporates a longer slide and extended barrel. Initially, the Glock 17L had three holes in the top of the barrel and a corresponding slot in the slide; however, later production pistols lack the holes in the barrel. The Glock 17MB is a version with



ambidextrous magazine catch. Glock pistols are designed with three independent safety mechanisms to prevent accidental discharge. The system, designated "Safe Action" by Glock, consists of an external integrated trigger safety and two automatic internal safeties: a firing pin safety and a drop safety. The external safety is a small inner lever contained in the trigger.

Category	Self-Loading Pistols & Revolvers
Operating system	short recoil-operated, locked breech
Cartridge	9mm Parabellum (9 x 19mm)
Length	186 mm
Feeding	Box magazine



stepping and cuts to the backstrap of the frame

to make it easier to hold than the Generation 1

model.



Generation 3 Glock 17

















The following ammunition can be used by the **Glock 17**:

## 9mm Parabellum (9 x 19mm)

Bullet diameter	9 mm
Case length	19.15 mm
Overall length	29.69 mm



#### HK 21

The basic action of the machine gun, which received the company designation HK 21, was similar to that of the G3 rifle. The HK 21 fired from a closed bolt (not that big issue since its heavy barrel was really quick-detachable) and,



unlike most machine guns, its belt feeding module was located below the receiver. Variants: HK11E automatic rifle (magazine fed, 7.62 mm) HK13E automatic rifle (magazine fed, 5.56 mm) HK21E general purpose machine gun (belt feed, 7.62 mm) HK23E light machine gun (belt-fed, 5.56 mm). The "E" stands for "Export" model.

Category	Light Machine Guns
Operating system	Selective fire roller-back blowback
Cartridge	7.62 x 51mm / .308 Winchester
Length	1140 mm
Feeding	Box magazine













HK 21E 028/md-01-300w.jpg marking details HK 21E 028/md-02-300w.jpg marking details

HK 21E 028/md-03-300w.jpg marking details HK 21E 028/ws-01-300w.jpg weapon specifics

The following ammunition can be used by the **HK 21**:

#### 7.62 x 51mm / .308 Winchester

Bullet diameter	7.82 mm
Case length	51.18 mm
Overall length	69.85 mm



## HK 23

The HK (Heckler & Koch) 23 emerged in 1972 from the original HK 21, which explains the optical and technical resemblance between them and their variants. Usually it is fired from a bipod, but it can also be tripod mounted. While the production of the original HK 21 and 23 have officially ceased, there are still models in production. Residual numbers may remain in service. An "E" added to the weapon's name identifies models for export.



Category	Light Machine Guns
Operating system	Selective fire roller-back blowback
Cartridge	5.56 x 45mm / .223 Remington
Length	1030 mm
Feeding	Box magazine



The following ammunition can be used by the **HK 23**:

#### 5.56 x 45mm / .223 Remington

Bullet diameter	5.7 mm
Case length	44.7 mm
Overall length	57.4 mm



#### HK G3

The G3 constructed from Heckler & Koch (H&K) in cooperation with a Spanish agency Centro de Estudios Técnicos de Materiales Especiale (CETME) in the beginning Model A & B, after further development, West German Army (Bundeswehr) implemented this rifle. The furniture can be wood or plastic. The plastic stock may be green, sand or black. There is also a collapsing stock. The rifle is hammer fired and has a trigger mechanism with a 3-position fire selector switch that is also the manual safety toggle that secures the weapon from accidentally discharging.



Category	Assault Rifles	
Operating system	Roller-delayed blowback	
Cartridge	7.62 x 51mm / .308 Winchester	
Length	1023 mm	
Feeding	Box magazine	

























The following ammunition can be used by the **HK G3**:

#### 7.62 x 51mm / .308 Winchester

Bullet diameter	7.82 mm
Case length	51.18 mm
Overall length	69.85 mm



#### HK MP5

Though the Heckler & Koch MP5 was designed in the 1960s, it is still one of the most widely deployed sub-machine guns and has been developed into a family with numerous variants. The gun features either a fixed or a sliding (telescoping) butt-stock. The original MP5 offers a choice of single shot or automatic fire,



whereas later models received a burst-fire device, allowing two or three-round-bursts each time the trigger is operated. Current models remain in (licensed) production in several countries, though The China North Industries Corporation, officially abbreviated as Norinco, manufactures an unlicensed copy, the NR08.

Category Submachine Guns
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Operating system	delayed-blowback; selective-fire	
Cartridge	9mm Parabellum (9 x 19mm)	
Length	680 mm	
Feeding	detachable box magazine	

















HK MP5 094/md-01-300w.jpg marking details  $\it HK~MP~5$   $\rm 094/md\text{-}02\text{-}300w.jpg$  marking details: HK MP 5 Kal. 9 mm x 19 80244

HK MP 5 094/md-03-300w.jpg marking details: HK MP 5 HK MP 5 094/ws-01-300w.jpg weapon specifics

HK MP 5 094/ws-02-300w.jpg weapon specifics HK MP 5 094/ws-03-300w.jpg weapon specifics

#### *HK MP 5* 094/ws-04-300w.jpg

weapon specifics

The following ammunition can be used by the **HK MP5**:

#### 9mm Parabellum (9 x 19mm)

Bullet diameter	9 mm
Case length	19.15 mm
Overall length	29.69 mm



#### Lee-Enfield SMLE

Rifles manufactured in the USA may have "UNITED STATES PROPERTY" on the left side of the receiver. Some of the Indian-made weapons can be found using 7.62 NATO caliber. The Lee-Enfield family of rifles is the oldest bolt-action rifle design still in official service. Lee-Enfield rifles are used by reserve



forces and police forces in many Commonwealth countries, particularly Canada, where they are the main rifle issued to the Canadian Rangers, and India, where the Lee-Enfield is widely issued to reserve military units and police forces. Many Afghan participants in the Soviet invasion of Afghanistan were armed with Lee-Enfields (a common rifle in the Middle East and South Asia).

Category	Rifles & Carbines
Operating system	Manually operated, rotating bolt
Cartridge	7.7 x 56mm R / .303 British
Length	1130 mm
Feeding	Box magazine













The following ammunition can be used by the **Lee-Enfield SMLE**:

### 7.7 x 56mm R / .303 British

Bullet diameter	7.9 mm
Case length	56.4 mm
Overall length	78.1 mm



# M203 grenade launcher

The M203 grenade launcher was intended to be used as close fire support for point and group area targets. The round is designed to be effective at penetrating windows, blowing up doors, producing casualties in groups of enemies, destroying bunkers, and damaging or disabling soft-skinned vehicles. Its primary purpose is to engage enemies in dead space that cannot be reached by direct fire. A well-trained M203 gunner can also use his weapon to suppress the enemy, both from movement and sight. M203 were also produced in Egypt, South Korea and Bulgaria (as UBGL-M1, with mount suitable for Kalashnikov AKM and AK-74 type rifles).

Category	Hand-held under-barrel and Mounted Grenade Launchers	
Operating system	Single shot, under-barrel, pump-action	
Cartridge	40 x 46 mm grenade	
Length	380 mm	
Feeding	breech-loaded	







The following ammunition can be used by the M203 grenade launcher:

#### 40 x 46 mm grenade

Bullet diameter	-
Case length	-
Overall length	-

NO IMAGE

### MG 3 / MG 42

The MG is a short-recoil operated, air cooled, belt fed weapon which fires from an open bolt. The barrel is quick-removable, and can be replaced in less than six seconds by a properly trained crew. The action of the weapon is



operated by the recoil of the locked barrel, assisted by a muzzle booster which uses pressure from the muzzle blast to increase the recoil impulse. This is a simple and solid system. Variants: MG 1: Rheinmetall variant of the MG 42, most notably rechambered to fire 7.62×51mm NATO. MG 1A1 (MG 42/58): As MG 1, but with sights properly calibrated for the new round. Sights refitted to existing MG 1s. MG 1A2 (MG 42/59): MG 1A1 variant; product improved with longer ejection port, heavy bolt and friction ring buffer. MG 1A3: MG 1A2 variant; product improvement of all major components. MG 1A4: MG 1 variant; for fixed mount armor use. MG 1A5: MG 1A3 variant; MG1A3s converted to MG1A4 standard. MG 2: Designation for all wartime MG 42s rechambered to 7.62×51mm NATO. MG 3: MG 1A3 variant; product improved with AA rear sight. MG 3E: MG 3 variant; reduced weight model (roughly 1.3 kg lighter), entered into late 1970s NATO small arms trials. MG 3A1: MG 3 variant; for fixed mount armor use.

Category	Light Machine Guns
Operating system	recoil-operated, roller locked
Cartridge	
Feeding	belt fed

MG 3 / MG 42 131/Iv-01-300w.jpg left view, mounted on a bipod MG 3 / MG 42 131/lv-02-300w.jpg left view, mounted on a tripod

*MG 3 / MG 42* 131/rv-01-300w.jpg right view

The following ammunition can be used by the MG 3 / MG 42:

### Milkor MRGL

The Milkor (Milière Korporasie) MRGL (Multi-Range Grenade Launcher) is the fourth generation of six-shot launchers that was first introduced in the 1980s by the South African company and developed into a family with several variants. The MRGL fires with an effective range of 375 m to 800 m, depending on the ammunition used. The launcher is lightweight, semi-automatic, and shoulder-fired and can deliver its six rounds in less than three seconds.



Category	Hand-held under-barrel and Mounted Grenade Launchers	
Operating system	semi-automatic	
Cartridge	40 x 46 mm grenade	
Length	761 mm	
Feeding	6-chamber revolving cylinder	

The following ammunition can be used by the Milkor MRGL:

#### 40 x 46 mm grenade

Bullet diameter	-
Case length	-
Overall length	_

NO IMAGE

# Mossberg 500

The Mossberg 500 is a series of pump-action shotguns manufactured by the American company O.F. Mossberg & Sons. These shotguns have been produced since 1960 and



with a series of different models including the numbers 505, 510, 535, and 590. The Mossberg 500 shotgun series is designed to be used under harsh field conditions, as it is easy to clean and to maintain.

Category	Rifles & Carbines
Operating system	manual, slide-action
Cartridge	12-gauge
Length	1022 mm
Feeding	underbarrel tubular magazine

The following ammunition can be used by the **Mossberg 500**:

#### 12-gauge

Bullet diameter	18.53 mm
Case length	-
Overall length	_

NO IMAGE

# Norinco Type 81

The Norinco Type 81 assault rifle entered into production and service in the early 1980s and is still being produced and offered for export sale. Its design and operating system incorporates elements of the Dragunov SVD, Simonov SKS, and AK-47 series rifles.



Category	Assault Rifles
Operating system	gas, selective-fire
Cartridge	7.62 x 39mm
Length	955 mm
Feeding	detachable box or drum magazine

The following ammunition can be used by the **Norinco Type 81**:

#### 7.62 x 39mm

Bullet diameter	7.92 mm
Case length	38.7 mm
Overall length	56 mm



### Norinco Type 95/97

The Type 95 QBZ (Qing Buqiang Zu, English: light rifle family) entered into production in 1995. The Type 97 rifle is the export version of the Type 95. The Type 95 fires the Chinese 5.8 x 42 mm cartridge, whereas the Type 97 is designed for 5.56 x 45 mm NATO-caliber. Both feature a bullpup operation system. The Type



95 is currently in service with the Chinese People's Liberation Army and other Chinese law enforcement agencies. Length depends on model: Type 95 - 743 mm Type 97 - 760 mm

Category	Assault Rifles
Operating system	gas, selective-fire
Cartridge	5.56 x 45mm / .223 Remington 5.8x42mm
Length	743 mm
Feeding	detachable box magazine

The following ammunition can be used by the Norinco Type 95/97:

### 5.56 x 45mm / .223 Remington

Bullet diameter	5.7 mm
Case length	44.7 mm
Overall length	57.4 mm



#### 5.8x42mm

Bullet diameter	6 mm
Case length	42.2 mm
Overall length	58 mm



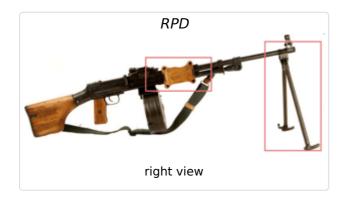
### **RPD**

The RPD (Ruchnoy Pulemet Degtyarova - Degtyarov Light MG) was one of the first weapons designed to fire a new, intermediate cartridge 7.62x39mm. During its service life, the weapon was modernized several times.



The weapon was in service with several armed forces, both regular and irregular, and it can be found in many countries in Asia and Africa.

Category	Light Machine Guns
Operating system	Gas operated, full auto only
Cartridge	7.62 x 39mm
Length	1037 mm
Feeding	Boxed belt









The following ammunition can be used by the **RPD**:

### 7.62 x 39mm

Bullet diameter	7.92 mm
Case length	38.7 mm
Overall length	56 mm



### Remington 870P

The Remington Model 870 pump-action shotgun is available in 11 versions with various barrel lengths, furniture alternatives and magazine capacities. The first model entered into production in 1951. Current



models are still being produced today, adding to the more than 10,000,000 estimated units already produced. The Model 870P is the police model with its receiver made of steel. This model can also carry four extra rounds of ammunition. The Remington 870 series is in service with numerous military and police forces worldwide.

Category	Rifles & Carbines
Operating system	manual, slide-action
Cartridge	12-gauge
Length	971 mm
Feeding	underbarrel tubular magazine

The following ammunition can be used by the **Remington 870P**:

#### 12-gauge

Bullet diameter	18.53 mm
Case length	-
Overall length	-

NO IMAGE

### Simonov SKS

SKS is a self-loading Carabine. It utilizes a shortstroke gas piston with its own return spring, and a tilting bolt locking, where a bolt tips down to lock onto the floor of the receiver. Charging handle is attached to the right side of the bolt carrier and moves when gun is fired. Safety switch is located inside the trigger guard. The early model 50



weapons are shorter and are usually found without the bayonet. The SKS was an extremely reliable, simple constructed weapon with two unique distinguishing characteristics: a permanently attached folding bayonet, and a hinged non-detachable magazine. However, it was incapable of fully automatic fire and limited by its ten round magazine capacity, and

was rendered obsolescent by the introduction of the AK-47 in the 1950s. The SKS was only briefly a standard infantry weapon in front-line units of the Soviet Armed Forces before being replaced by the AK-47 . The weapon was in service with several armed forces, both regular and irregular, and it can be found in many countries in Asia and Africa. The SKS remains popular on the civilian market as a hunting and marksmanship arm in many countries, including the United States and Canada.

Category	Rifles & Carbines
Operating system	Gas operated, tilting bolt
Cartridge	7.62 x 39mm
Length	1020 mm
Feeding	Box magazine



















The following ammunition can be used by the **Simonov SKS**:

### 7.62 x 39mm

Bullet diameter	7.92 mm
Case length	38.7 mm
Overall length	56 mm



### Sten gun

Prior to 1941 UK was keen to produce a own submachine gun as an alternative Rate of fire 550 450 550 600 rounds per minute to the US-Thompson submachine gun. Royal Small Arms Factory, Enfield designed the STEN gun. In the beginning, unreliable but extremely cheap and



easy to produce. After further development, the guns of 1942 and beyond were, in general, highly effective weapons. In Germany, the STEN models "Potsdam" and "Neumünster" were manufactured during WW II. In late 1944, the Mauser works in Germany secretly started manufacturing copies of British Mk II Sten, apparently for diversion and sabotage purposes. These weapons were intended to duplicate the British original as closely as possible, right down to the markings. Also, during WW II some resistance groups in German-occupied countries (DNK, FRA, NOR, POL) produced significant numbers of Stens.

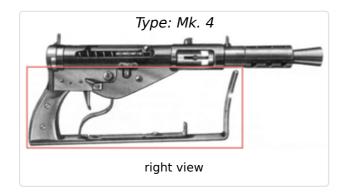
Category	Submachine Guns
Operating system	Blowback-operated, fired from open bolt
Cartridge	9mm Parabellum (9 x 19mm)
Length	895 mm
Feeding	Box magazine





























The following ammunition can be used by the **Sten gun**:

#### 9mm Parabellum (9 x 19mm)

Bullet diameter	9 mm
Case length	19.15 mm
Overall length	29.69 mm



# Sterling L2A3

Sterling submachine guns , were purchased in more than 70 countries. However, it must be noted that these weapons were rather popular among British troops because of their relatively compact size, adequate firepower and accuracy and good reliability. Special "high power, submachine-gun only" ammunition was procured by British army for Sterling submachine guns. This ammunition was absolutely safe in



Sterling submachine guns, but can cause extensive wear to many 9mm pistols designed for commercial 9x19mm ammunition.

Category	Submachine Guns	
Operating system	Blowback-operated, select-fire, fires from open bolt	
Cartridge	9mm Parabellum (9 x 19mm)	
Length	481 mm	
Feeding	Box magazine	





















The following ammunition can be used by the **Sterling L2A3**:

### 9mm Parabellum (9 x 19mm)

Bullet diameter 9 mm	
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Case length	19.15 mm	
Overall length	29.69 mm	



### Steyr AUG

The rifle is fully ambidextrous. It can be configured for use by left-handed shooters by simply changing the bolt for a left-handed one with the extractor and ejector on opposite sides, and moving a blanking cap from the left ejection opening to the right. The housing of the AUG rifles, integral with the pistol handle and trigger guard, is made from the high impact-resistant polymer, and is



usually of green or black color. The Australian Army's modified version of the Steyr AUG A1 is called F88 Austeyr. It is also used by the Falklands Defense Forces.

Category	Assault Rifles
Operating system	Gas operated, rotating bolt
Cartridge	5.56 x 45mm / .223 Remington 9mm Parabellum (9 x 19mm)
Length	790 mm
Feeding	Box magazine







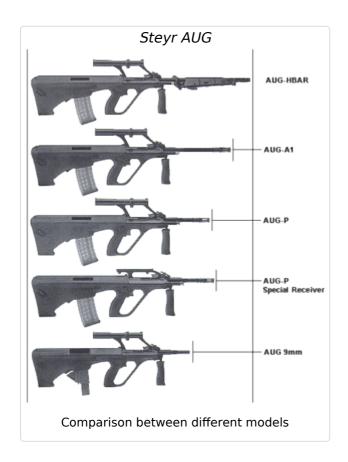














The following ammunition can be used by the **Steyr AUG**:

### 5.56 x 45mm / .223 Remington

Bullet diameter	5.7 mm	
Case length	44.7 mm	
Overall length	57.4 mm	



### 9mm Parabellum (9 x 19mm)

Bullet diameter	9 mm	
Case length	19.15 mm	
Overall length	29.69 mm	



#### UZI

The UZI and the Czechoslovakian series Sa 23 to Sa 26 were the first weapons to use a telescoping bolt design, in which the bolt wraps around the breech end of the barrel. This allows the barrel to be moved far back into the receiver and the magazine to be housed in the pistol grip, allowing for a heavier, slower-firing bolt in a shorter, better- balanced weapon. The pistol grip is fitted with a grip safety, making it difficult to fire accidentally. There were built further variants, also as Military variants, such as Mini Uzi, Micro Uzi and Uzi Pistol. Miniand Micro-Uzi submachine guns were produced either in open-bolt or closed-bolt versions. The Uzi was also copied respectively cloned and spread around the whole world.

Category	Submachine Guns
Operating system	Blowback-operated, fired from open bolt
Cartridge	9mm Parabellum (9 x 19mm)
Length	470 mm
Feeding	Box magazine



















The following ammunition can be used by the  $\mathbf{UZI}$ :

### 9mm Parabellum (9 x 19mm)

Bullet diameter	9 mm	
Case length	19.15 mm	
Overall length	29.69 mm	



### Tagging of Sources

We believe that our Guide should be as transparent as possible without endangering the confidentiality of our sources. Rather than name the exact source for each unit of data, we have created tags so that users can at least know whether the data comes from a primary or secondary source, and by which medium it can or has been found. All incoming data is validated and then tagged by the project team at BICC before it enters our database.

Sources are tagged according to the following criteria:

#### 1. Primary Sources:

These are presentations of facts. They are proof of an SALW event (e.g. a transfer, sighting, misuse, etc.) because the source was created at the time of the event itself. Primary sources as usually original documents such as transfer authorizations, firearms legislation, or academic journals presenting results of a study on SALW holdings in a particular country, for example. However, they can also be information offered by a person with direct knowledge of an SALW event or who has documented an SALW event at the time that it happened.

#### 2. Secondary Sources:

These are interpretations or evaluation of facts. Secondary sources contain commentary and analysis of SALW events that are documented in primary sources.

Sources are also tagged according to the dominant medium of delivery:

- **A. Written** the source is based on written words.
- **B. Oral** the source is based on spoken words.
- **C. Visual** the source is based on seen events or optical images.

These criteria make our tags two-dimensional. While the process of classifying sources is a primarily subjective one, the project team at BICC has developed the following table to serve as an example of possible sources within each category.

#### Table: Examples of sources on SALW distribution

	Primary	Secondary
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Written	<ul> <li>Fact books</li> <li>Weapons Transfer authorizations</li> <li>End-user certificates</li> <li>Transcripts of interviews, legal proceedings, speeches/ presentations, meetings, conferences or symposia</li> <li>Newspaper articles</li> <li>Written correspondence (e.g. letters, emails, text messages, etc.)</li> <li>Blogs</li> <li>Peer-reviewed journal articles</li> <li>Treaties, constitution, laws</li> <li>Records of organizations (e.g. annual reports)</li> <li>Surveys, questionnaires</li> </ul> Etc	<ul> <li>Wikipedia</li> <li>Literature reviews</li> <li>Training or safety manuals on gun control, ammunition, physical stockpile security management)</li> <li>Minutes of meetings, conferences, symposia</li> <li>Indexes (e.g. Global Militarization Index)</li> <li>Newspaper articles</li> </ul> Etc.
Oral	<ul> <li>Interviews with experts, including radio or telephone</li> <li>Legal proceedings</li> <li>Speeches or interventions by experts or national representatives in government or international meetings</li> <li>Etc</li> </ul>	Speeches, panel presentations, etc. on data provided by experts  Etc
Visual	<ul> <li>Artifacts (e.g. the weapons themselves, ammunition)</li> <li>Photographs of weapons, ammunition, etc.</li> <li>Videos (e.g. YouTube, those recorded by mobile phone)</li> <li>Television documentaries, news reports</li> </ul> Etc	PowerPoint presentations on results found by experts  Etc

SALW Guide About the Guide

#### **Table: Example tags**

Source (sample)	Type of source	Medium of delivery
IHS Jane's Weapons Infantry (2015-2016)	primary	written
Panel discussion of weapons use of non-state armed groups	secondary	oral
Documentary on paramilitaries in Colombia	primary	visual

### About the Guide

The Interactive Guide on **Small Arms and Light Weapons** is an open access tool, designed to build knowledge on how to identify different types, makes and models of commonly used SALW in organized violence; to collect data on the global and country-specific spread of these SALW; and to describe some of their visual and technical specifications.

The guide is not an exhaustive list of all SALW that are used around the world.

Global SALW control relies on, among other things, data and knowledge of the weapons themselves. Our aim is that the Guide will be used to support national reporting duties on SALW holdings; facilitate and ameliorate the collection of data on SALW; and increase general knowledge of global distribution of SALW.

The interactive Guide was developed by **BICC** in close cooperation with the **Bundeswehr Verification Center** (BwVC), and with the generous support of the *Federal Foreign Office, Germany*.

### Contact

Bonn International Centre for Conflict Studies (BICC) gGmbH

Joseph Farha Project Coordinator Pfarrer-Byns-Str. 1 53121 Bonn Germany

E-Mail: joseph.farha@bicc.de

Internet: www.bicc.de

# Zentrum für Verifikationsaufgaben der Bundeswehr (ZVBw) - Bundeswehr Verification Center (BwVC)

Global Arms- and Proliferation Control Division Major Laurentius Wedeniwski Selfkant-Kaserne Rue de Quimperle 100 52511 Geilenkirchen

E-Mail: LaurentiusWedeniwski@bundeswehr.org

# Overall project coordination

Joseph Farha Project Coordinator Bonn International Centre for Conflict Studies (BICC)

#### Responsible for all content (including photos):

Zentrum für Verifikationsaufgaben der Bundeswehr (ZVBw) - Bundeswehr Verification Center.

Major Laurentius Wedeniwski: Small Arms and Light Weapons Guide (2016).

#### Responsible for design, editorial and technical implementation:

Bonn International Centre for Conflict Studies (BICC) gGmbH.

Technical management: Joseph Farha

Programming: Rolf Alberth